MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEAD BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH Village Registered No. [If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.] PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH 5 BINGLE COLOR OR RACE 16 DATE OF DEATH -MARRIED WIDOWED The OR DIVORCED (Write the word) I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from 6 DATE OF BIRTH (Month) (Day) (Year) 7 AGE If LESS than 1 day.....hrs and that death occurred, on the date stated above. or......min.? The CAUSE OF DEATH\* was as follows: 8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work. (b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) 9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) CONTRIBUTOR 10 NAME OF (Secondary) FATHER . 11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) (Address) 400 4 C 12 MAIDEN NAME \*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in death from Violent Causes, state
(1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Buicidel or Homicidel. OF MOTHER 18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, 13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER or Recent Residents) (City or town, State or foreign country) At place / death yrs 6 mes ds In the State.....yrs......mos,.....ds. Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?..... usual residence Coul 19-PLACE OF BURIAL OF REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL 15

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

 U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of occupation .- Precise statement of on is very important, so that the relative lness of various pursuits can be known. The applies to each and every person, irrespective For many occupations a single word or term irst line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive . Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But cases, especially in industrial employments. essary to know (a) the kind of work and also nature of the business or industry, and thereadditional line is provided for the latter nt; it should be used only when needed. aples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Sales-) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. terial worked on may form part of the second nt. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," rer." "Dealer," etc., without more precise ation, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborerine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged duties of the household only (not paid Housewho receive a definite salary), may be entered sewife, Housework, or At home, and children, infully employed, as At school or At home. hould be taken to report specifically the occui of persons engaged in domestic service for as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the tion has been changed or given up on account

of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

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Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of ...... (name origin: "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage,"
"Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia." "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, BUI-CIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acidprobably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)